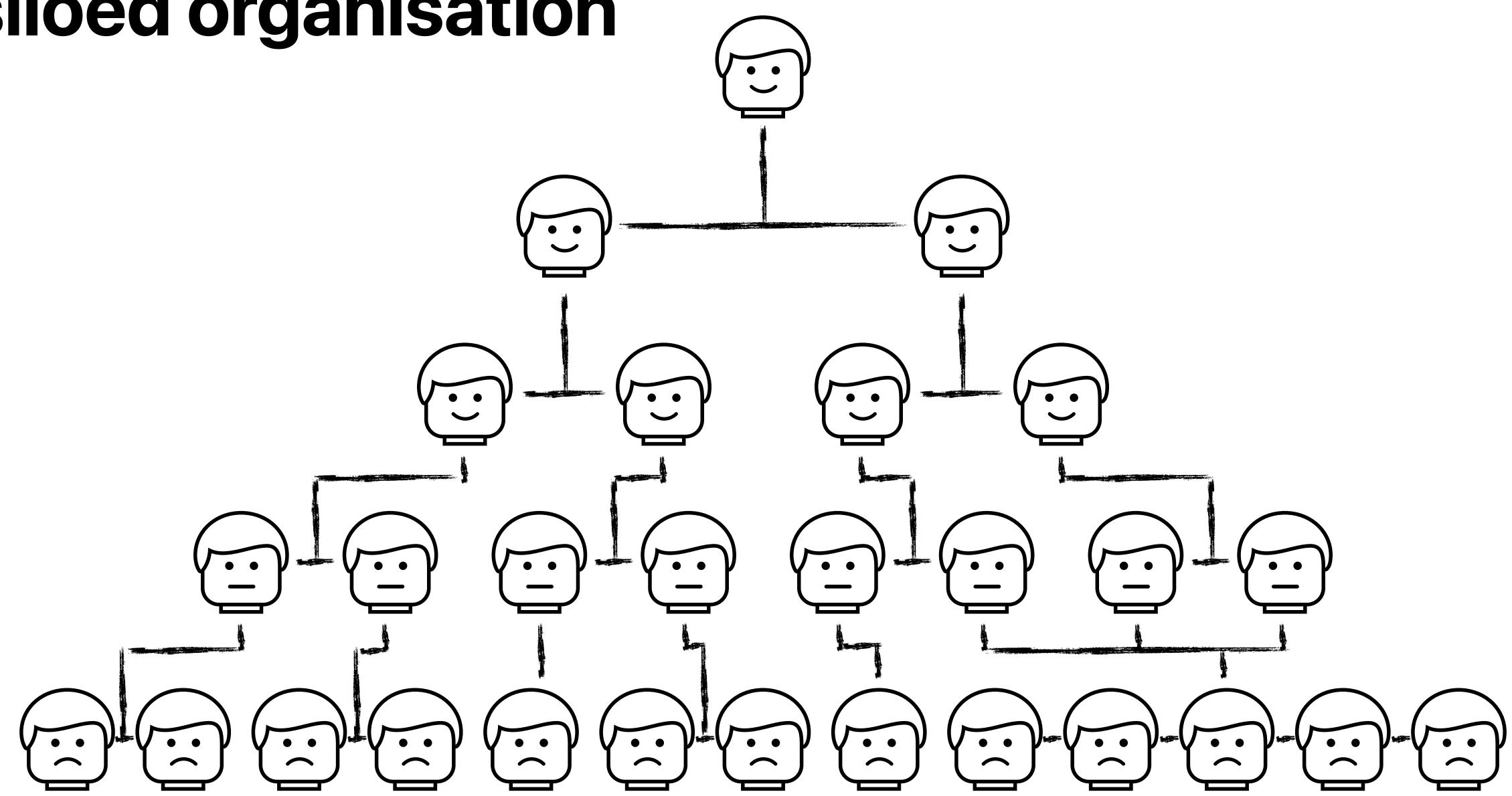
# From agile teams to agile organisation

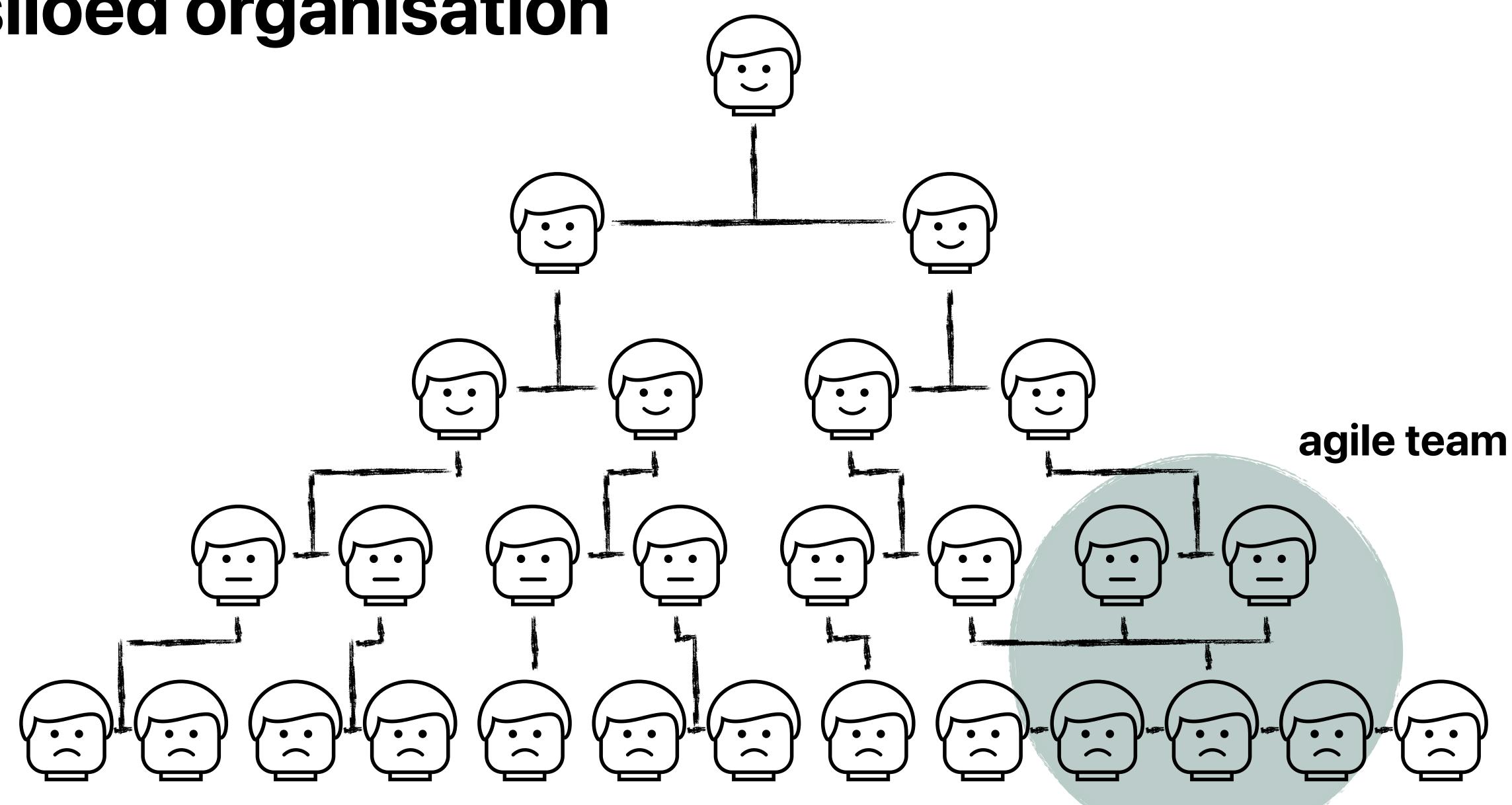


# "agile doesn't work"

#### siloed organisation



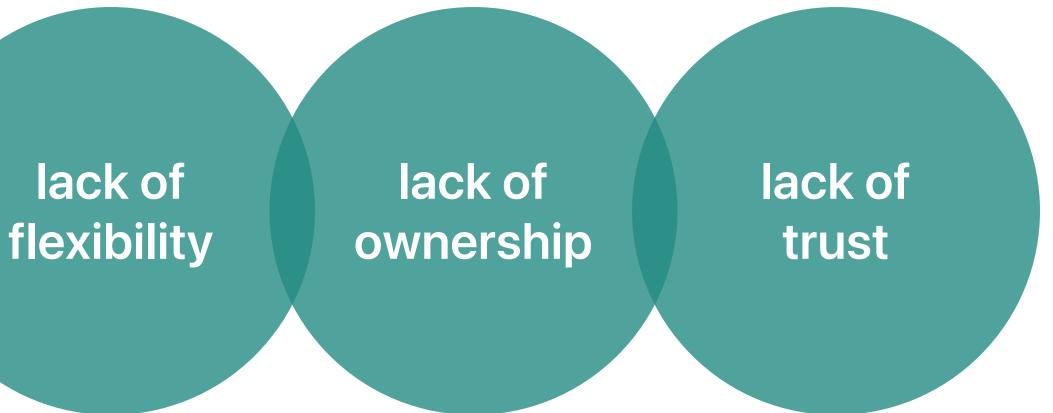
#### siloed organisation



### of course it doesn't work

communication disconnect

slow decisionmaking





# "it's a situational problem, not a people problem"





## consequences? disengaged employees





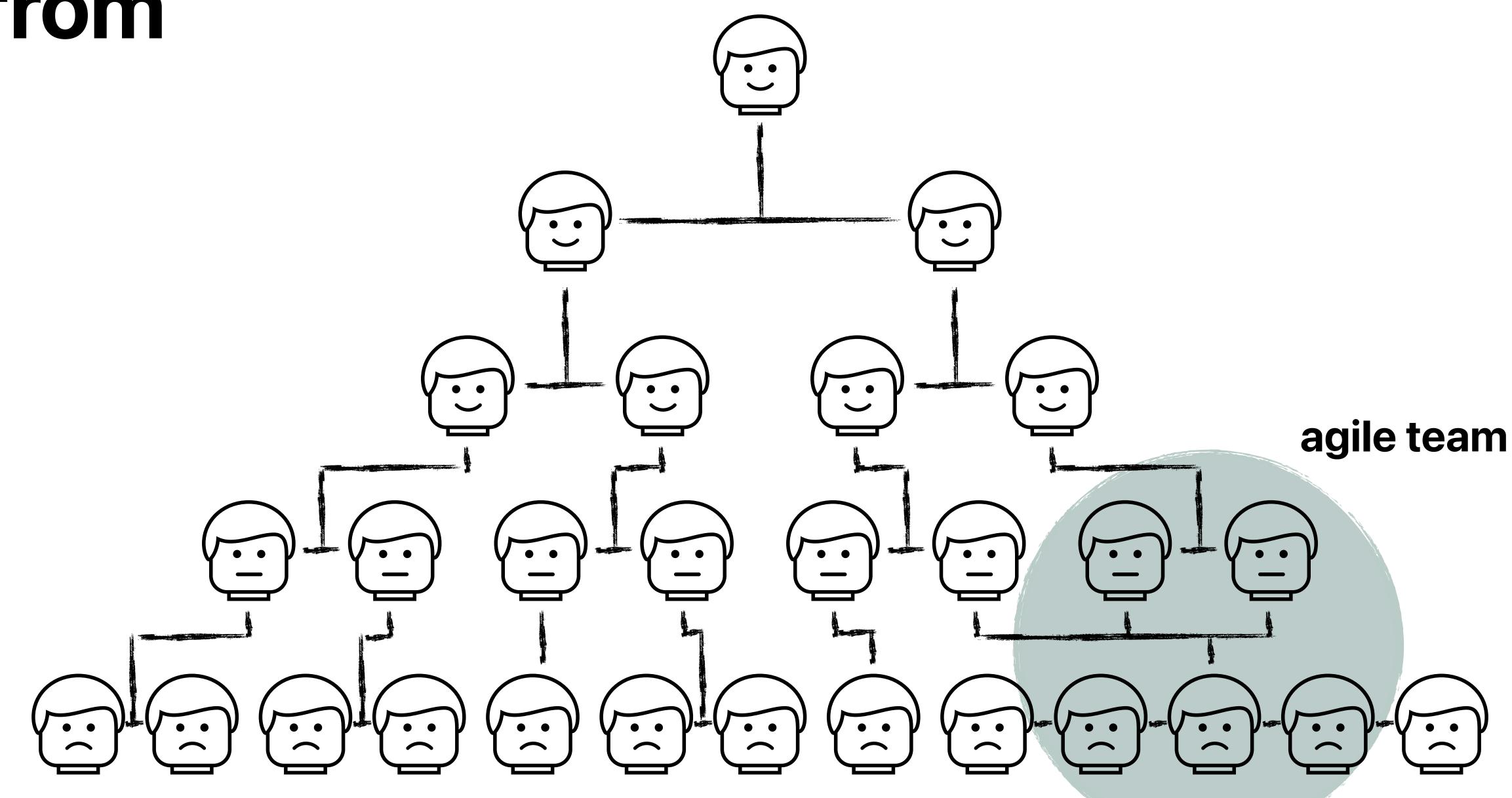
## different system



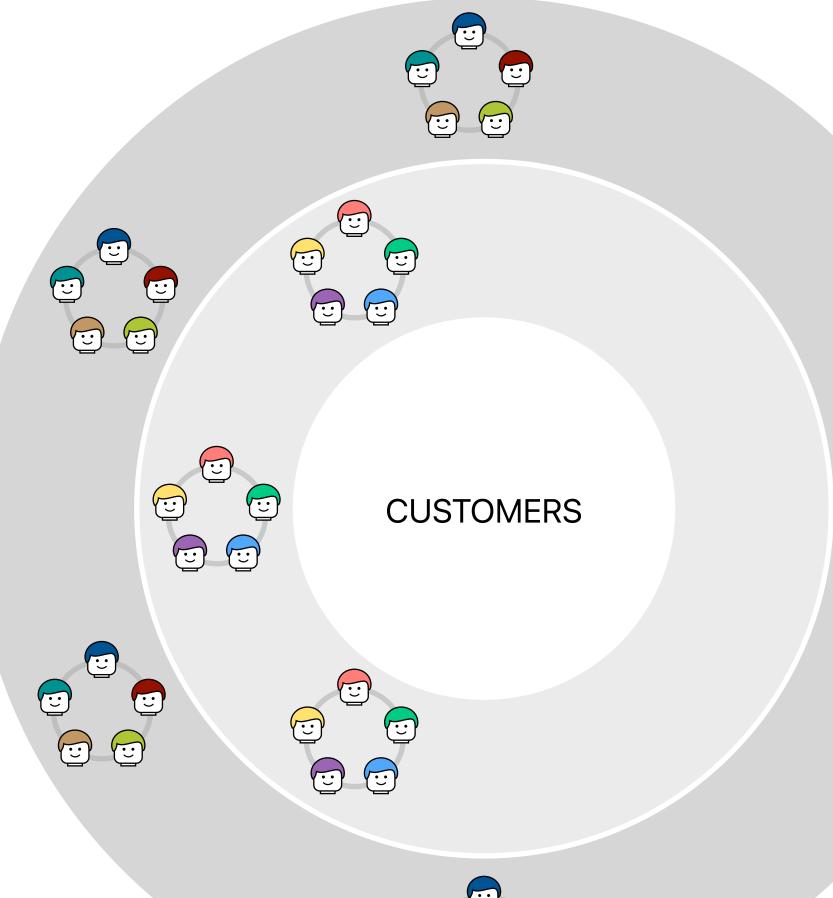
## different system



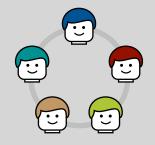
#### from



#### to customer-centric

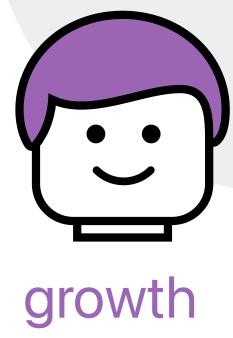






#### customer facing team

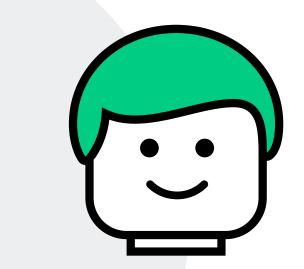




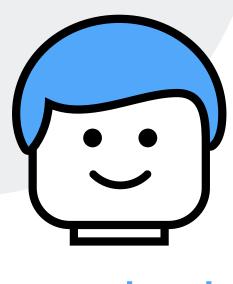
hacker

sales



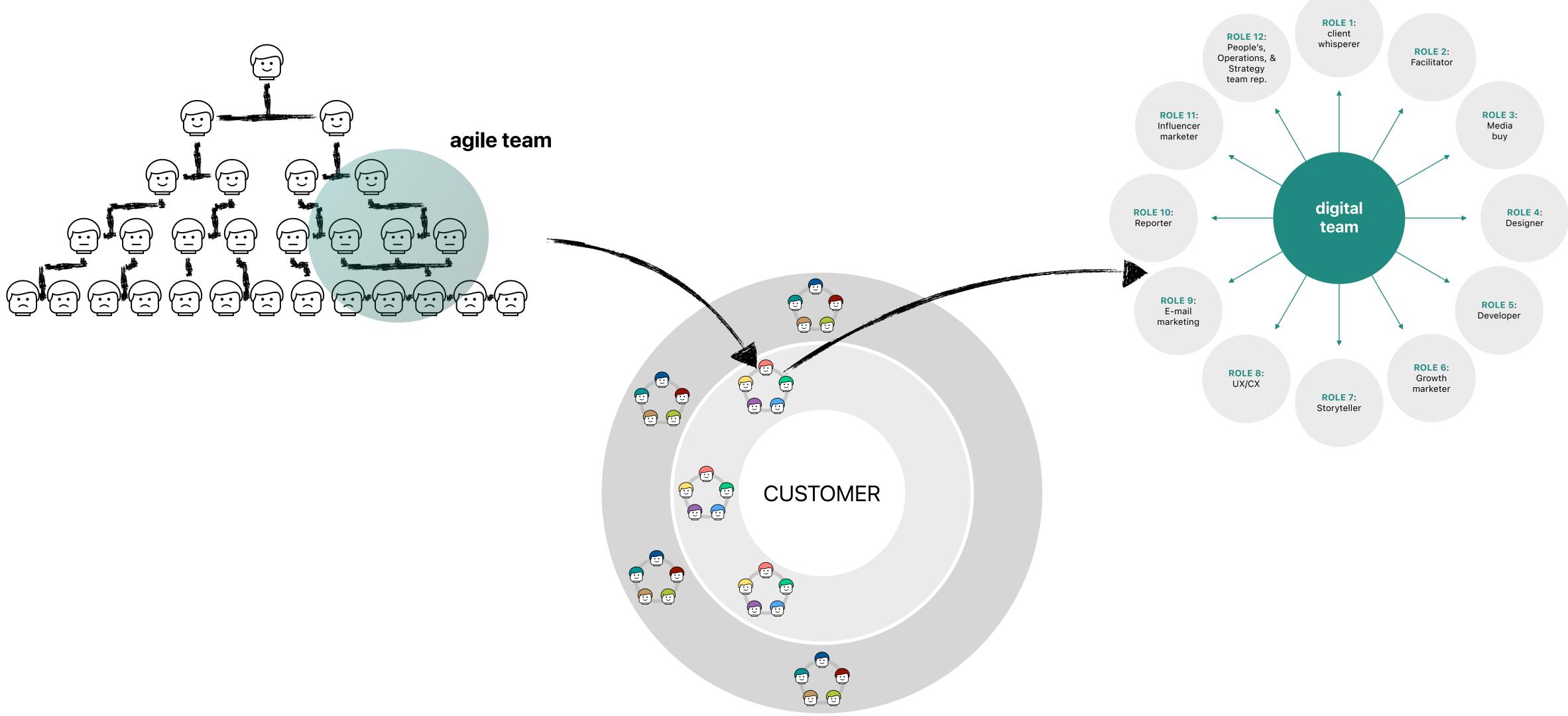


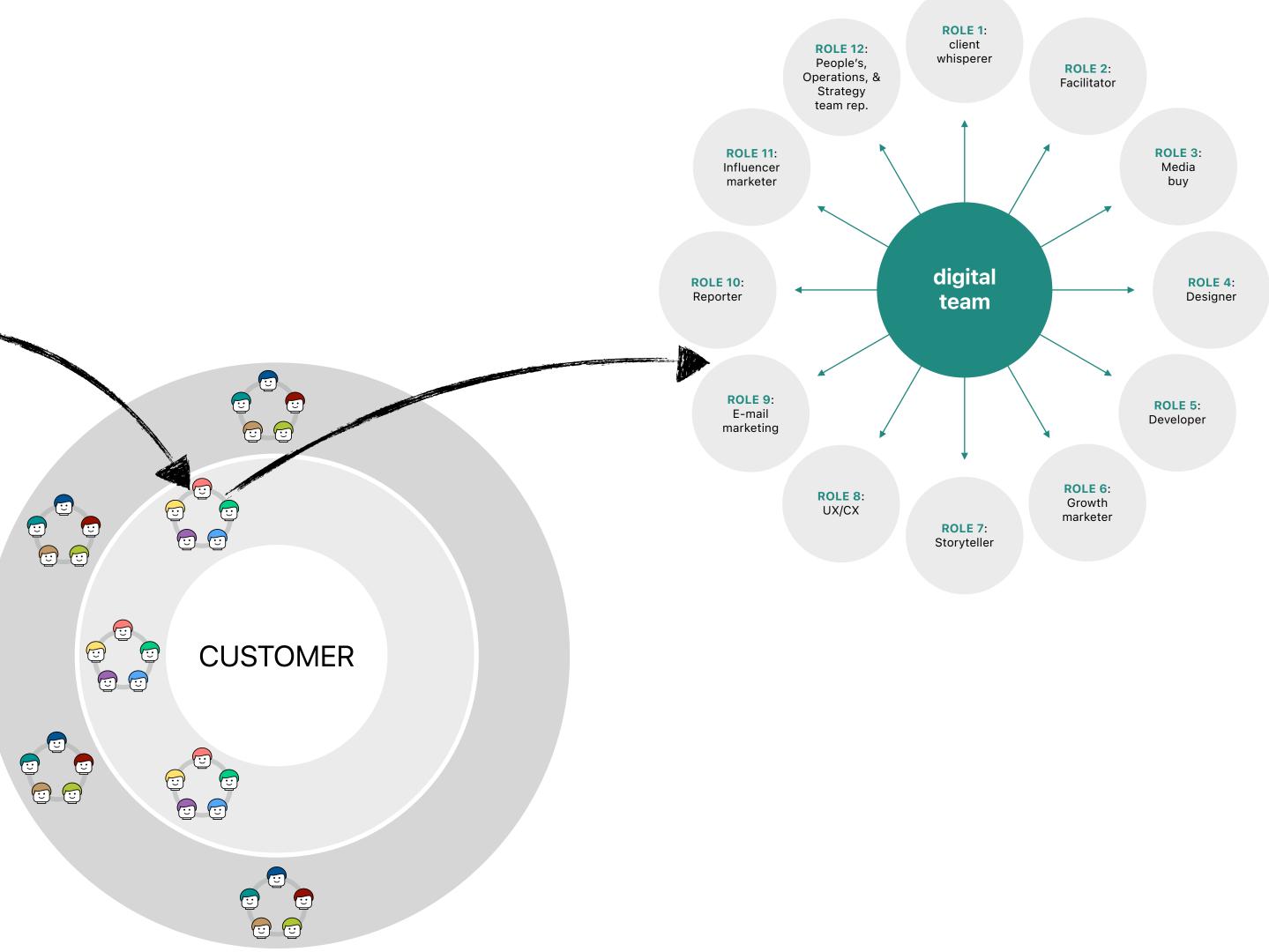
social media





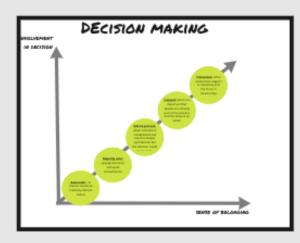
#### roles

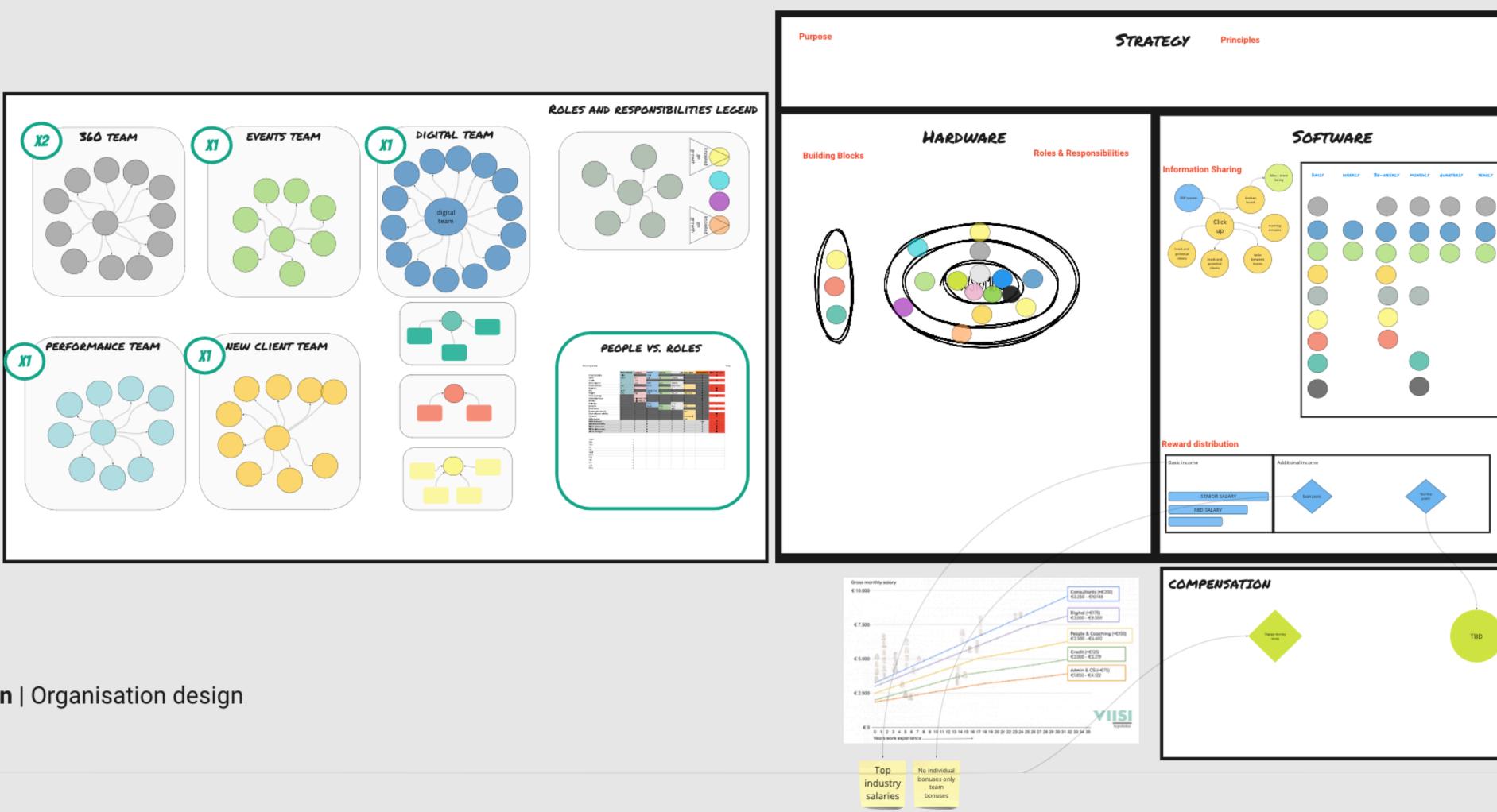












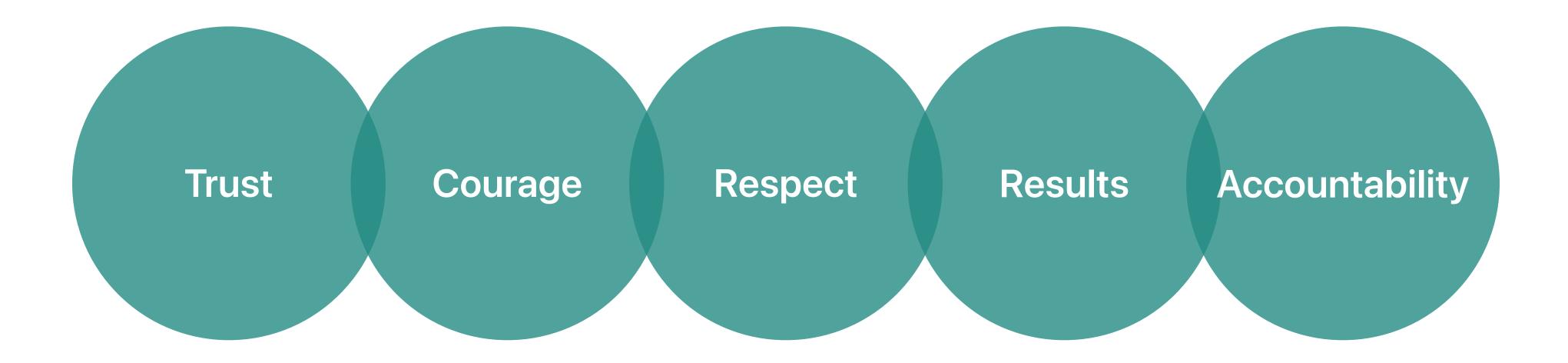


Company redesign | Organisation design canvas



# agile organisation

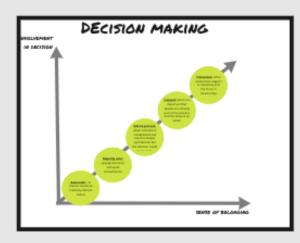
### principles

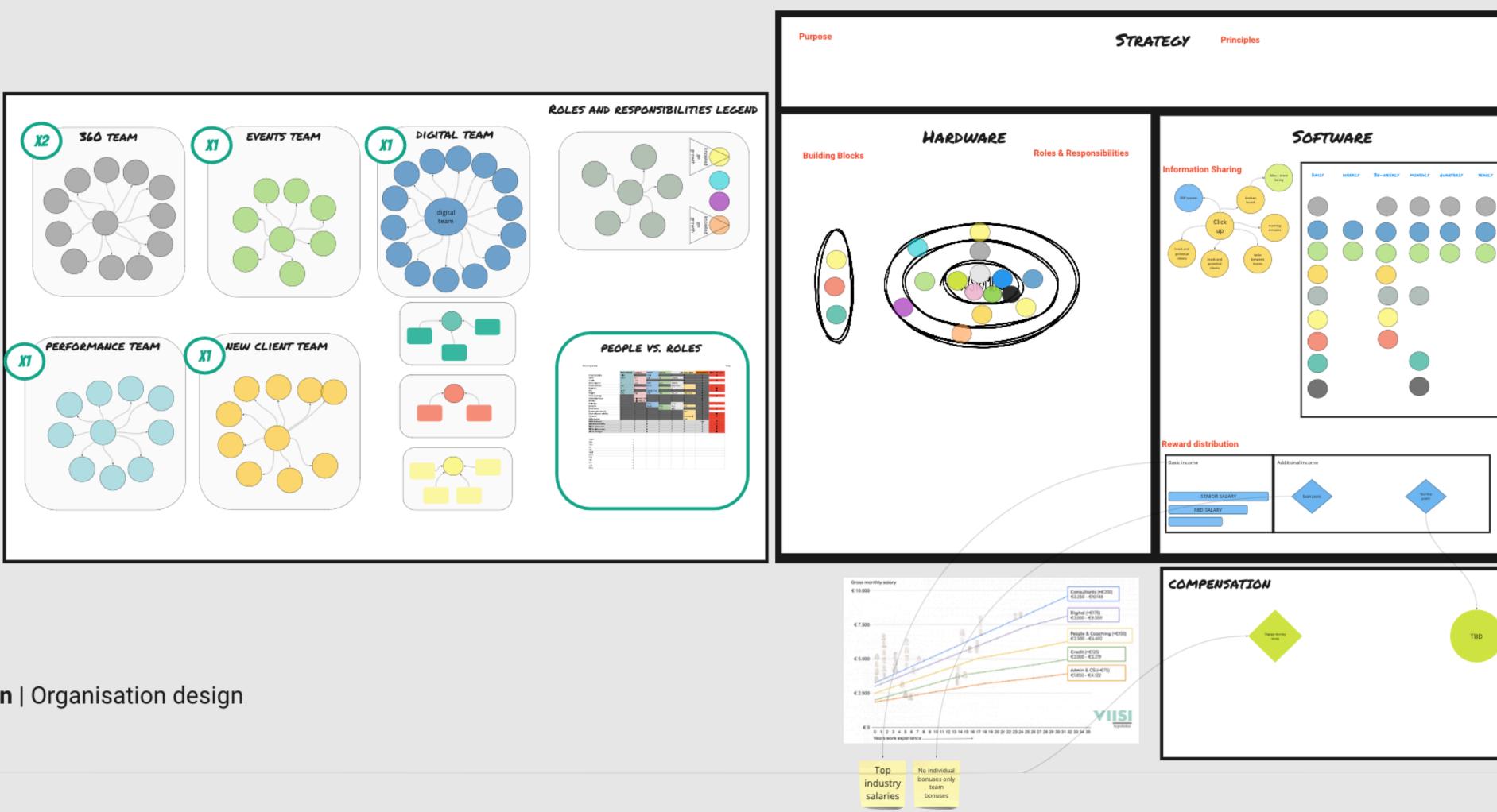


- We deliver value to our customers & offer them what they need.
- Our team is aligned around a common purpose happy customers.
- We respect all departments and have autonomy.
- We all want to be accountable & grow on a daily basis.
- Our goal is to reach our tagret goals and have happy customers at the same time.
- We test our assumptions, rely on feedback and improve constantly.







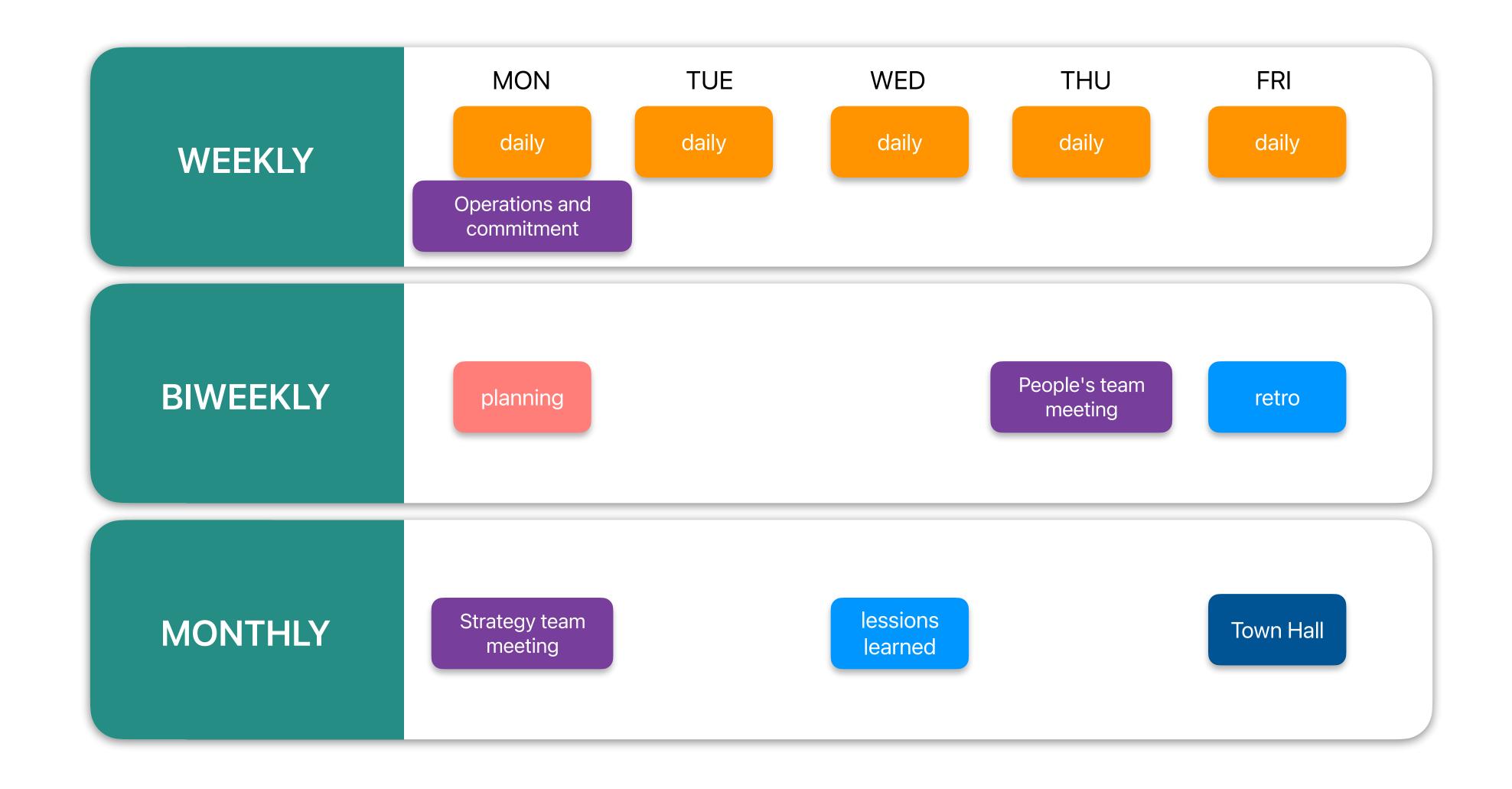


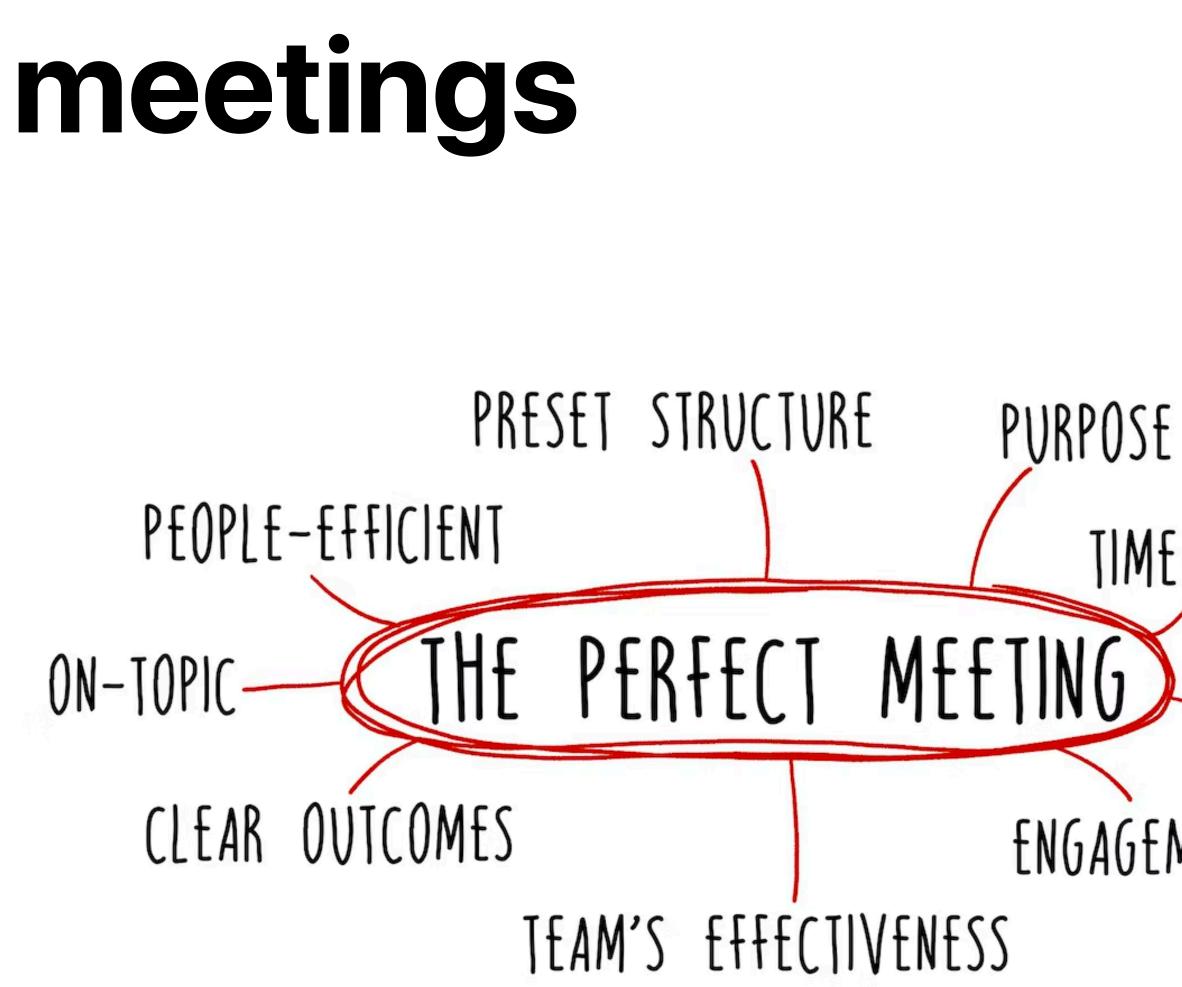


Company redesign | Organisation design canvas



#### business rhythm





## TIME-EFFICIENT FOCUS ENGAGEMENT

#### CORPORATE REB3LS

#### So, to run an effective meeting, you should:

- First, ask yourself, "Is this meeting necessary?"
- Think about "why", "who", "when" and "where" – and be clear about it towards the attendees.
- Use a preset meeting structure.
- Think about who should facilitate the meeting and how to decide this.
- Think about how you can cultivate psychological safety.



#### decision making

Proposal of the decision & why we are taking it. Q&A in order to reach clarity and what it affects.

> Quick check-up of teams' feelings about the decision.

Consent & integration of objectives into the decision.

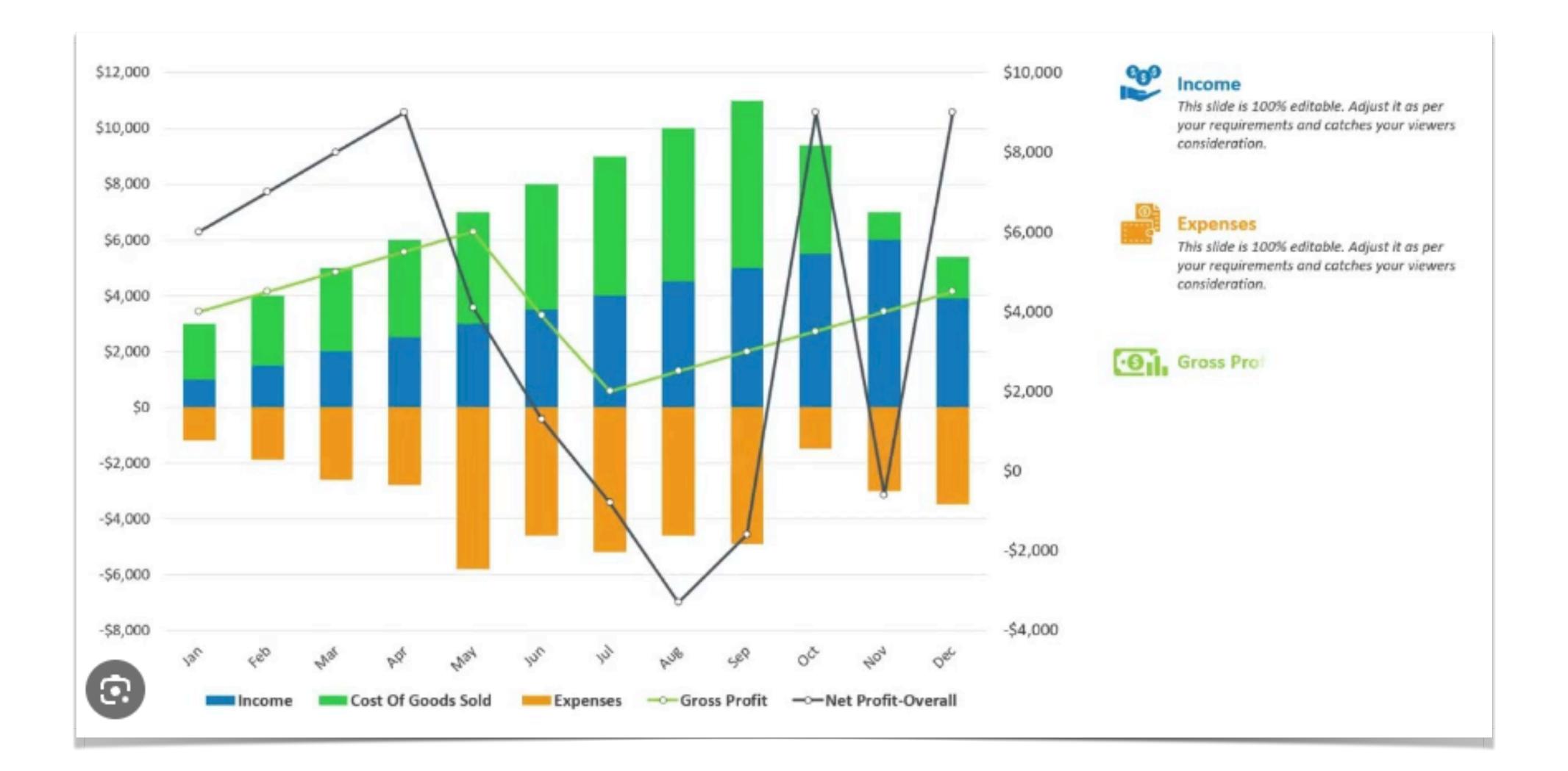
**Answers all questions** that team members have after your proposal.

Each team member share their reservations about the decision, then you decide which you will take into account.

#### **Accountability:**

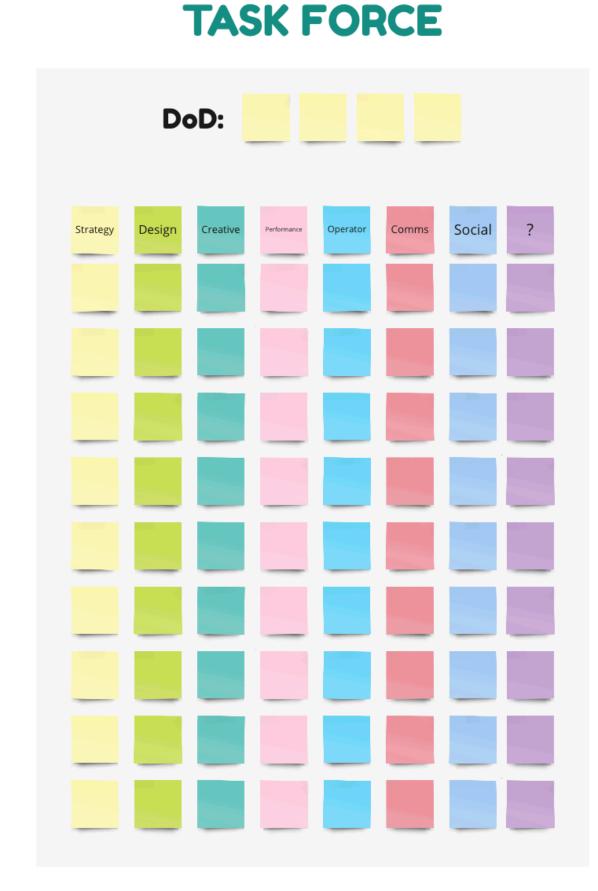
• after the decision is made the decision-maker follows through by communicating and measuring the results of the decision.

#### P&L



## planning

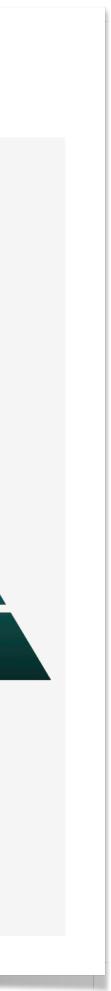
#### **CLIENT BRIEF X DECIDER(S) & BUDGET** PLANS, GOALS & WISHES Who is/are the decider/s? Clients plans and/or wishes What is important for the decider? -----What is the budget? \_ \_\_ \_\_ \_\_ \_\_ \_\_\_\_ Target markets? Is there something that we need to be aware of? TOP 3 most important goals/wishes? Other notes: When does the client wishes to achieve these goals? \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_







MOST IMPORTANT TASKS:



#### KanBan



#### team dynamics

#### Aligned team

- An aligned team is a team that aspires to:
- achieve the same vision and purpose understand each others roles and respo understand the goals and priorities, sibilities
- understand strengths and weaknesses,
- share the risks,
- approache problems and conflict in an open constructive manner.

Team alignment workshop

#### Team members&roles

Person 1 - role
Person 2 - role
Person 3 - role
Person 4 - role
Person 5 - role
Person 6 - role
Person 7 - role

#### Instructions

You will need 30 minutes for this exercise - 5 minutes for each section. Apply "together alone" rule and add voting or choose one facilitator and discuss it using circular meetings technique.

Before starting write down your names and roles in the Team members&roles section.

For each section put a timer for 5 minutes and simply try to answer the questions from the section.

Rules&expected behaviour:
What behaviour do you expect from your team in order to achieve the team goal? · Which rules do you have to follow in order to achieve the common goal?

Responsibilities&commitments: • What activities does your team have to do in order to achieve the goal? What responsibilities do you have as a team? What can you commit to?

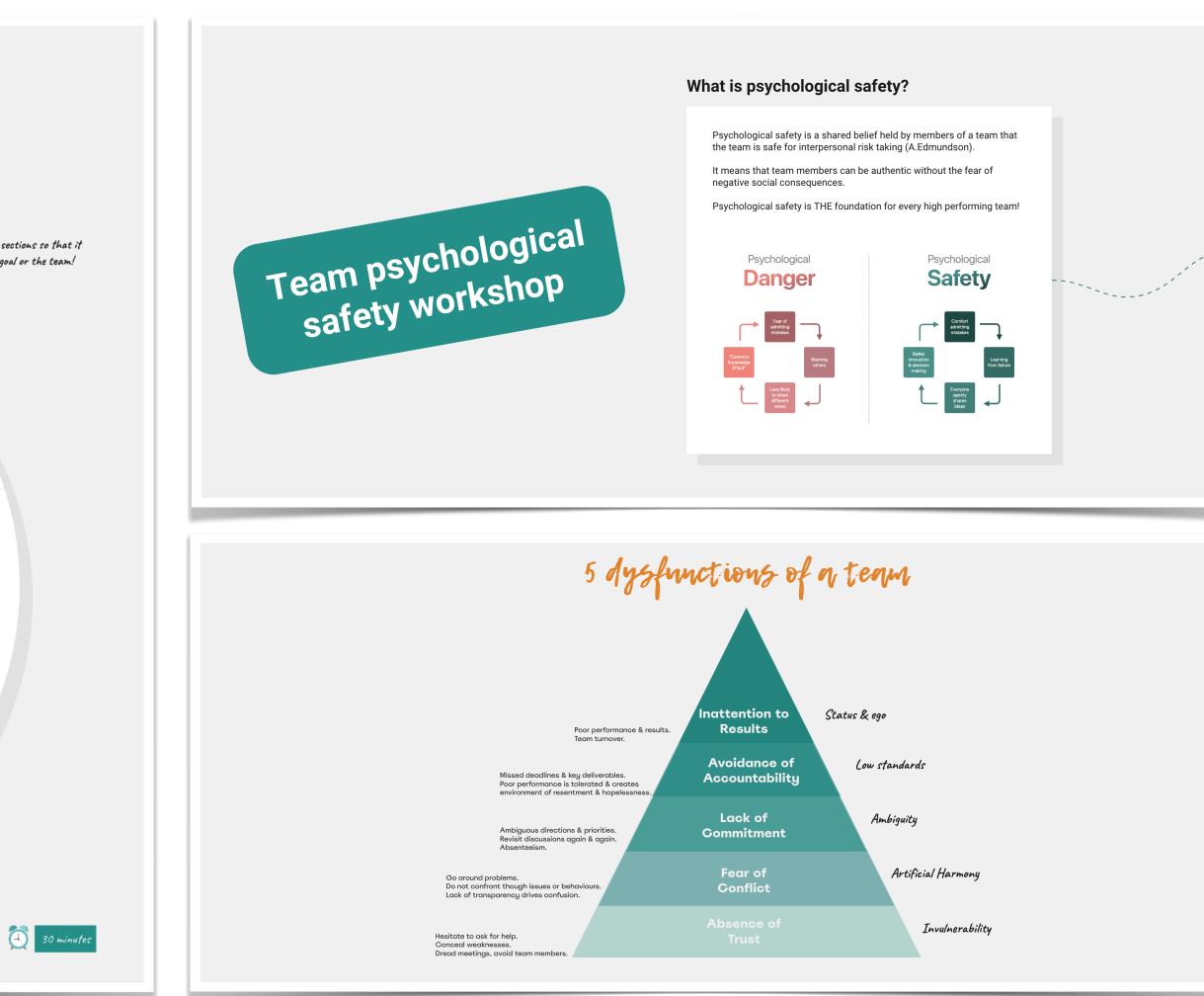
Performance&quality: • How do you define quality? • What kind of performance is needed in order to achieve this goal?

Strengths&resources: What kind of strengths, skills or resources do we have? What helps us in achieving our goal?

#### Risks&worries:

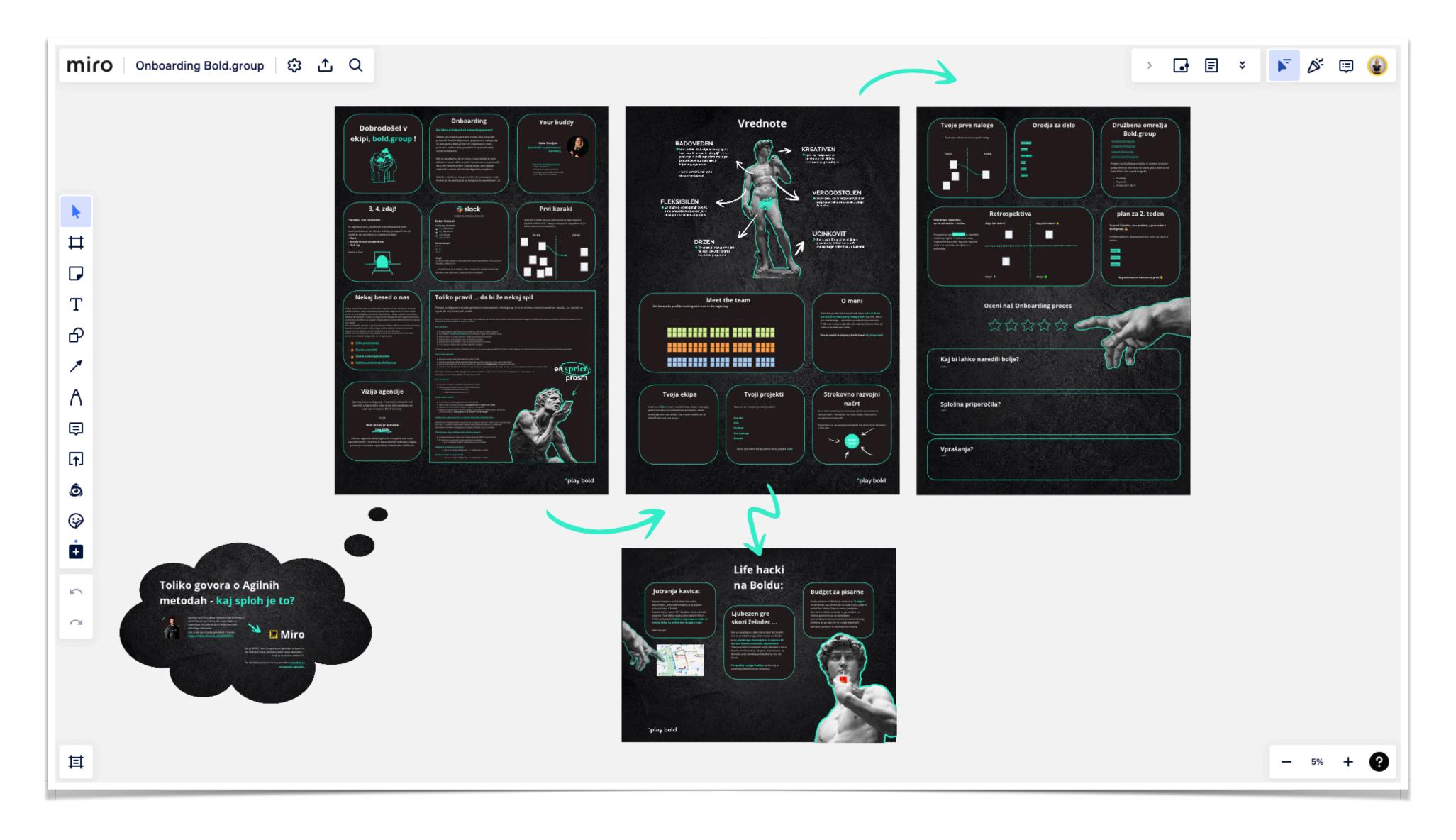
what worries us, where do we see possible problems?







#### people & culture



## crisis situation



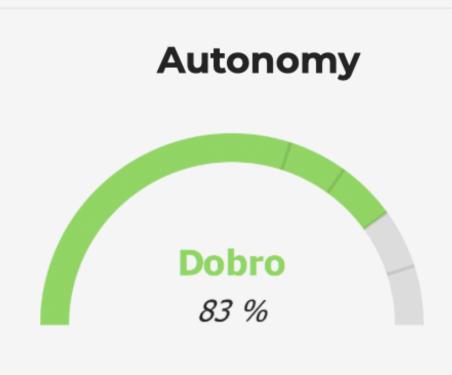
# where we start?

#### **Company overview**





Kazalnik predstavlja skladnost s predvideno strukturo motivacijskih dejavnikov.



88 %

Kazalnik kaže svobodo, ki jo zaposleni občutijo pri delu.



Kazalnik kaže možnost, da zaposleni izražajo svoj pristni jaz brez negativnih posledic.

## Diagnostics





## transparency





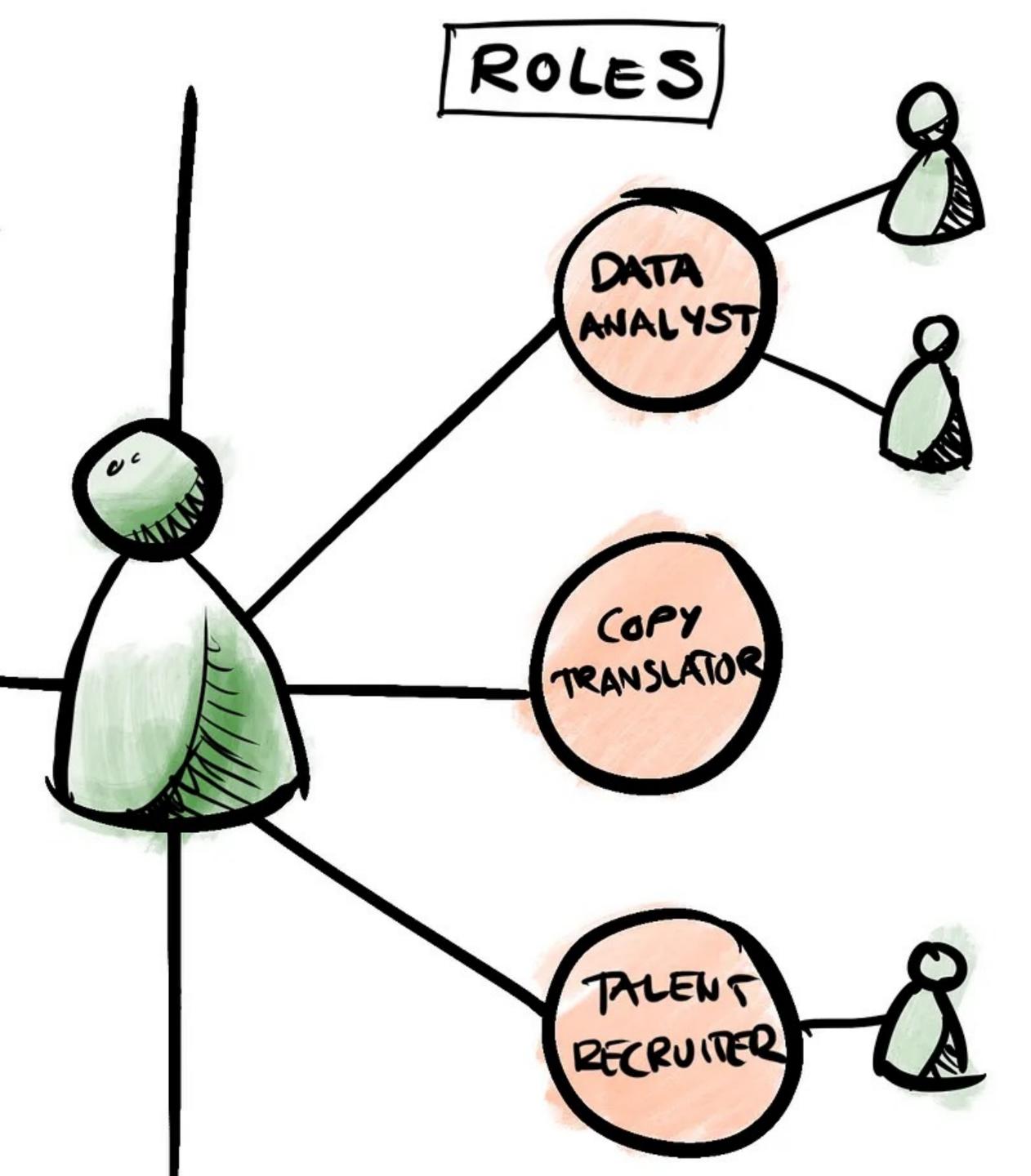
# feedback & conflict resolutions



## measurable goal



## volunteers



## role-based leadership



## consistency

Don't waste your time on jealousy. Sometimes you're ahead, sometimes you're behind. The race is long, and in the end, it's only with yourself

Baz Luhrmann

4

## The second secon



info@switcheleven.com | SWITCH TO ELEVEN

